MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Product and Company Identification

Material name HYDROFLUORIC ACID

Version # 08

Revision date 06-09-2011
CAS # Mixture

Product Codes J.T.Baker: 5368, 5659, 5818, 5823, 5824, 5865, 5900, 5901, 6904, 9559, 9560, 9563, 9564,

9567, 9570, 9572, 9573, 9574

Macron: 20659, 2640, 2648, 72184, 72185, V142, V179

Synonym(s) FLUOROHYDRIC ACID * FLUORIC ACID * HYDROGEN FLUORIDE SOLUTION

Manufacturer Avantor Performance Materials, Inc.

Address 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865

US

 Customer Service
 800-582-2537

 24 Hour Emergency
 908-859-2151

 Chemtrec
 800-424-9300

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency overview DANGER

Corrosive. Causes severe skin and eye burns. Causes digestive tract burns. May be fatal if inhaled, absorbed through skin, or swallowed. Mist or vapor extremely irritating to eyes and respiratory tract. Causes blood, cardiovascular system and respiratory system damage.

Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Reacts with water.

OSHA regulatory status

This product is considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication).

Potential health effects

Routes of exposure Ingestion. Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

Eyes Corrosive. Causes severe eye burns. Vapor or spray may cause eye damage, impaired sight or

blindness.

Skin Corrosive. Causes severe skin burns. This product may be fatal if it is absorbed through the skin.

The fluoride ion readily penetrates the skin causing destruction of deep tissue layers and even

bone. Symptoms may develop after several hours.

Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. Corrosive. May cause damage to mucous membranes in nose, throat,

lungs and bronchial system.

Ingestion Corrosive. May be fatal if swallowed. Ingestion may produce burns to the lips, oral cavity, upper

airway, esophagus and possibly the digestive tract.

Target organs Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Blood. Heart and cardiovascular system. Teeth. Bone. Endocrine

system.

Chronic effects Corrosive. Prolonged contact causes serious tissue damage. Intake of more than 6 mg of fluorine

per day may result in fluorosis, bone and joint damage. Hypocalcemia and hypomagnesemia can

occur from absorption of fluoride ion into blood stream. Symptoms may be delayed.

Potential environmental effects The product may affect the acidity (pH-factor) in water with risk of harmful effects to aquatic

organisms.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Hazardous components	CAS#	Percent	
HYDROGEN FLUORIDE	7664-39-3	45- 55	

Material name: HYDROFLUORIC ACID

MSDS US COV

MSDS ID: H3994 Version #: 08 Revision date: 06-09-2011

Non-hazardous components Percent WATER 45 - 55 7732-18-5

4. First Aid Measures

First aid procedures

Eye contact Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact

lenses. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. In case of irritation from airborne

exposure, move to fresh air. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated

clothing and shoes. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Wash clothing

separately before reuse. Destroy or thoroughly clean contaminated shoes.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs,

the head should be kept low so that stomach vomit doesn't enter the lungs.

Notes to physician Keep victim under observation. Appropriate treatment to help protect the affected person against

circulatory shock, respiratory depression, and convulsion may be needed. Symptoms may be

delayed.

General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label

> where possible). Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable properties The product is not flammable. Material will react with water and may release a flammable (and/or)

toxic gas.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder. Foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

The product reacts with water and will generate heat. Addition of water or foam to the fire may

cause frothing.

Protection of firefighters

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Not flammable, but reacts with most metals to form flammable hydrogen gas. Fire may produce

irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well

after the fire is out.

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode when fighting

fires.

Specific methods In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Keep unnecessary

> personnel away. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective

clothing. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Environmental precautions Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge

into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Methods for containment Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or

confined areas. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible.

Material name: HYDROFLUORIC ACID MSDS US COV 2/8

Methods for cleaning up

Large Spills: Neutralize spill area and washings with soda ash or lime. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Dike far ahead of spill for later disposal.

Small Spills: Neutralize spill area and washings with soda ash or lime. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect in a non-combustible container for prompt disposal.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.

J. T. Baker Hydrofluoric Acid Emergency Cleanup Kit is recommended for spills of this product.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Use caution when combining with water; DO NOT add water to acid, ALWAYS add acid to water while stirring to prevent release of heat, steam and fumes. See Section 8 of the MSDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Storage

Do not store in metal containers. Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

_		_	
Occi	ınationa	l exposure	limits

•	•	
ACGIH		

Components	Туре	Value	
HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (7664-39-3)	BEL	10.0000 mg/g	
		3.0000 mg/g	
	Ceiling	2.0000 ppm	
	TWA	0.5000 ppm	
		2.5000 mg/m3	
U.S OSHA			
Components	Туре	Value	
HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (7664-39-3)	PEL	2.5000 mg/m3	

Engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

3.0000 ppm

Personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

TWA

Respiratory protectionIf engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not

been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with specific

cartridge and full facepiece providing protection against the compound of concern.

General hygeine considerations

General

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Wear chemical protective equipment that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer.

Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Fuming liquid.

Colorless. Color

Odor Strong. Irritating. Not available. Odor threshold

Physical state Liquid. **Form** Liquid.

Нα 1 (0.1 M Solution) -32.8 °F (-36 °C) Melting point Freezing point -32.8 °F (-36 °C) 226.4 °F (108 °C) **Boiling** point Flash point Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability limits in air, upper, Not available.

% by volume

Flammability limits in air, lower,

% by volume

Not available.

Vapor pressure 3.33 kPa Specific gravity 1.18

Relative density Not available. Miscible Solubility (water) Partition coefficient Not available

(n-octanol/water)

Not available. Auto-ignition temperature Not available. Decomposition temperature

20.01 Molecular weight Molecular formula HF

10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

Chemical stability Stable under normal temperature conditions. Instability caused by elevated temperatures.

Conditions to avoid Heat. Water, moisture.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases, alkalies (organic). Ammonia. Sodium hydroxide. Sulfuric

acid. Vinyl acetate. Organic compounds. Glass. Fluorine. Cyanides. Metals. Alkaline metals. May

attack some plastics, rubber and coatings. Contact with water rapidly liberates toxic gas.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hydrogen fluoride.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

Sensitization Not a skin sensitizer. US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Acute effects May be fatal if inhaled, absorbed through skin, or swallowed.

Local effects Causes severe burns. Mist or vapor extremely irritating to eyes and respiratory tract. Causes

blood, cardiovascular system and respiratory system damage.

Chronic effects Corrosive. Prolonged contact causes serious tissue damage. Intake of more than 6 mg of fluorine

per day may result in fluorosis, bone and joint damage. Hypocalcemia and hypomagnesemia can

occur from absorption of fluoride ion into blood stream. Symptoms may be delayed.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

ACGIH Carcinogens

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3) A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Material name: HYDROFLUORIC ACID MSDS ID: H3994 Version #: 08 Revision date: 06-09-2011

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Skin corrosion/irritation Corrosive to skin and eyes. The fluoride ion readily penetrates the skin causing destruction of

deep tissue layers and even bone. Symptoms may develop after several hours.

Epidemiology No epidemiological data is available for this product.

Mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Neurological effectsNo data available for this product.

Reproductive effects Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction

Teratogenicity No data available for this product.

Symptoms and target

organs

Corrosive effects. Shortness of breath. Decrease in motor functions. Circulatory collapse.

Further information Danger of very serious irreversible effects. Symptoms may be delayed.

12. Ecological Information

EcotoxicityThe product may affect the acidity (pH-factor) in water with risk of harmful effects to aquatic

organisms.

Environmental effectsAn environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Persistence and

degradability

Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste codes

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3)

U134

Disposal instructionsDispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. All wastes must be

handled in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.

14. Transport Information

DOT

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number UN1790

Proper shipping name Hydrofluoric acid (RQ = 200 LBS)

Hazard class 8
Subsidiary hazard class 6.1
Packing group II

Additional information:

Special provisions A6, A7, B15, IB2, N5, N34, T8, TP2, TP12

Basic shipping requirements:

Labels required 8, 6.1

Additional information:

Packaging exceptions 154
Packaging non bulk 202
Packaging bulk 243
ERG number 157

Material name: HYDROFLUORIC ACID

MSDS US COV

MSDS ID: H3994 Version #: 08 Revision date: 06-09-2011

IATA

Basic shipping requirements:

UN number 1790

Proper shipping name Hydrofluoric acid

Hazard class Subsidiary hazard class 6.1 Packing group Ш Additional information:

ERG code 8P

IMDG

Basic shipping requirements:

1790 **UN number**

Proper shipping name HYDROFLUORIC ACID

Hazard class 8 Subsidiary hazard class 6.1 Packing group Ш







15. Regulatory Information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910,1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Spill: Reportable quantity

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3)

100 LBS

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substance: Threshold Planning Quantity

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3)

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: De minimis concentration

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3)

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3) Listed.

CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE: 100.0000

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

> Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

Section 311 hazardous

chemical

Yes

Inventory status

Country(s) or region On inventory (yes/no)* Inventory name

Australia Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) Yes

Canada

Domestic Substances List (DSL) Yes Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)* Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) Yes European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Europe Yes Substances (EINECS) Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) Yes Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) Yes New Zealand New Zealand Inventory Yes Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances **Philippines** Yes

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

State regulations

This product does not contain a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

US - New Jersey Community RTK (EHS Survey): Reportable threshold

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3) 100 LBS

500 LBS

US - Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances: Listed substance

HYDROGEN FLUORIDE (CAS 7664-39-3) Listed.

Saf-T-Data Health: 4 - Extreme (Poison)

Flammability: 0 - None Reactivity: 2 - Moderate

Contact: 4 - Extreme (Corrosive)

Lab Protective Equip: D - GOGGLES & SHIELD; LAB COAT & APRON; VENT HOOD; PROPER

GLOVES

Storage Color Code: W - White (Corrosive)

16. Labeling Info

Label Hazard Warning DANGER

Corrosive. Causes severe skin and eye burns. Causes digestive tract burns. May be fatal if inhaled, absorbed through skin, or swallowed. Mist or vapor extremely irritating to eyes and respiratory tract. Causes blood, cardiovascular system and respiratory system damage.

Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Material reacts with water.

Label Precautions Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. Use only

with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Container must be kept tightly closed.

Label First Aid Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately flush skin with

plenty of water. If gas/fume/vapor/dust/mist from the material is inhaled, remove the affected person immediately to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use

mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance.

17. Other Information

NFPA ratings Health: 4

Flammability: 0 Instability: 1

Material name: HYDROFLUORIC ACID

MSDS US COV

Yes

Disclaimer

THE INFORMATION PRESENTED IN THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS/SDS) WAS PREPARED BY TECHNICAL PERSONNEL BASED ON DATA THAT THEY BELIEVE IN THEIR GOOD FAITH JUDGMENT IS ACCURATE. HOWEVER, THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN IS PROVIDED "AS IS," AND AVANTOR PERFORMANCE MATERIALS MAKES AND GIVES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WHATSOEVER, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES REGARDING SUCH INFORMATION AND THE PRODUCT TO WHICH IT RELATES, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, WARRANTIES OF ACCURACY, COMPLETENESS, MERCHANTABILITY, NON-INFRINGEMENT, PERFORMANCE, SAFETY, SUITABILITY, STABILITY, AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND ANY WARRANTIES ARISING FROM COURSE OF DEALING, COURSE OF PERFORMANCE, OR USAGE OF TRADE. THIS MSDS/SDS IS INTENDED ONLY AS A GUIDE TO THE APPROPRIATE PRECAUTIONARY HANDLING OF THE MATERIAL BY A PROPERLY TRAINED PERSON USING THIS PRODUCT. AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE COMPREHENSIVE AS TO THE MANNER AND CONDITIONS OF USE, HANDLING, STORAGE, OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT. INDIVIDUALS RECEIVING THIS MSDS/SDS MUST ALWAYS EXERCISE THEIR OWN INDEPENDENT JUDGMENT IN DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATENESS OF SUCH ISSUES. ACCORDINGLY, AVANTOR PERFORMANCE MATERIALS ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR THE USE OF OR RELIANCE UPON THIS INFORMATION. NO SUGGESTIONS FOR USE ARE INTENDED AS, AND NOTHING HEREIN SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS, A RECOMMENDATION TO INFRINGE ANY EXISTING PATENTS OR TO VIOLATE ANY FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, OR FOREIGN LAWS. AVANTOR PERFORMANCE MATERIALS REMINDS YOU THAT IT IS YOUR LEGAL DUTY TO MAKE ALL INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS/SDS AVAILABLE TO YOUR EMPLOYEES.

Issue date

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s):

06-09-2011

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.